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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/940,474	08/29/2001	Yasuo Shinohara	Q65911	4884
7590 01/20/2004			EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			WILLS, MONIQUE M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, Do	C 20,037-3213		1746	
			DATE MAILED: 01/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/940,474	SHINOHARA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Wills M Monique	1746			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions are in the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	1.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a seply within the statutory minimum of thind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO to the cause the application to become	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 November 2003.					
0.757	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims	•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documer application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language presented the priority document is made of a claim for domes since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78.	nts have been received. Its have been received in A prity documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). It of the certified copies not tic priority under 35 U.S.C. Its sentence of the specification has be	pplication No received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet.			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.					
Total and a moldded in the first sentence of t	ne specification or in an Ap	plication Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of In	summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendment

This office action is responsive to the amendment filed November 10, 2003. The objection of claims 3 and 9-11 under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75 (c) is overcome. The objection of claims 4 and 9-11 for lacking antecedent basis is overcome. The 35 U.S.C. § 112 rejection of claims 10-11 is overcome. The rejection of claims 1-9 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kurauchi et al. U.S. Patent 5,691,047 is maintained. Claims 10-11 are included in the Kurauchi rejection now that their improper dependency is overcome.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kurauchi et al. U.S. Patent 5,691,047.

Kurauchi teaches a porous multi-layer film separator for a nonaqueous electrolyte battery comprising at least three united polyolefin layers, in which at least one layer is polyethylene (PE) and at least one layer is polypropylene (PP) placed in

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contact with the polyethylene layer (abstract). The polypropylene films serve as both a spacer having a form of a porous film and a heat-resistant microporous layer (Fig. 1 & col. 2, lines 40-55). The polypropylene layers have a thermal durability to maintain the shutdown condition up to a certain temperature (col. 2, lines 40-50). Lastly, the polypropylene spacer is adjacent the cathode when the assembly of Fig. 1 separates opposing electrodes.

The Kurauchi reference does not expressly disclose the spacer layer placed on the surface of the heat-resistant layer. The reference does not expressly disclose the spacer comprising an electrochemically stable substance that has a static friction coefficient between the separator surface and a stainless steal surface ground by a 1000 grit polishing paper is 0.5 or less.

However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ polypropylene porous film on the surface of the heat-resistant polyethylene layer, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co.I v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8. More specifically, if numerous multi-layer films are employed, the PP layers would encompass PE layers providing PP spacers and/or shutdown layers juxtaposing the hear-resistant layer.

Regarding the spacer consisting of an electrochemically stable layer with said static friction coefficient, it would be reasonable to expect the polypropylene spacer of Kurauchi to exhibit such characteristics because it appears to be made from the same polyolefin material as the subject invention.

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## Response to Arguments

Applicant asserts that the Kurauchi reference does not teach the heat resistant porous layer because it does not have deflection properties defined in the instant specification. This argument is not persuasive. The limitations on which the Applicant relies (i.e., the defection properties) are not stated in the claims. It is the claims that define the claimed invention, and it is the claims, not specifications that are anticipated or unpatentable. Constant v. Advanced Micro-Devices Inc., 7 USPQ 2d 1064.

Applicant further contends that Kurauchi does not teach the benefits of the combination of a heat-resistant porous layer and a spacer. This argument is not persuasive. The fact that Applicant uses said layer and spacer for a different purpose does not alter the conclusion that its use in a prior art device would be prima facie obvious from the purpose disclosed in the reference. In re Linter, 173 USPQ 560. In other words, the combination of references does not require the same benefit achieved by Applicant, as long a prima facie case has been established.

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#### **Conclusions**

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Monique Wills whose telephone number is (571) 272-1309. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski, may be reached at 571-272-1302.

The Official fax number is 703-872-9306.

Μw